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ETI MSBTE TEST - V2V

QUESTIONS

SECTIONS

1. MCQ's - 178 Questions

Section 1: MCQ's - 178 Questions

1 What is the full form of "AI"?

- O Artificially Intelligent
- O Artiflelal Intelligence
- O Artificially Intelligence
- Advanced Intelligence

Correct: +1

- 2 What is Artificial Intellilgence?
- O Artificial Intelligence is a field that alms to make humans more intelligent
- O Artificial Intelligence is a field that alms to improve the security
- O Artificial Intelligence is a field that alms to develop intelligent machines
- O Artificial Intelligence is a field that alms to mine the data

Correct: +1

3 Who is the inventor of Artificial Intelligence ?	
○ Geoffrey Hinton	
O Andrew Ng	
O John McCarthy	
O Jurgen Schmidhuber	
	Correct: +1
4 Which of the following is the branch of Artificial Intelligence?	
O Machine Learning	
○ Cyber forensics	
O Full-Stack Developer	
O Network design	
	Correct: +1
5 What is the goal of Artificial Intelligence?	
○ To solve artificial problems	
○ To extract scientific causes	
○ To explain various sorts of intelligence	

○ To solve real-world problems	
	Correct: +1
6 Which of the following is an application of Artificial Intelligence?	
○ It helps to exploit vulnerabilities to secure the film.	
O Language understanding and problem-solving (Text analytics and NLP)	
○ Easy to create a website	
○ It helps to desplay applications on the cloud	
	Correct: +1
7 In how many categories process of Artificial Intelligence is categorized?	
○ categorized into 5 categories	
O processes are categorized based on the input provided	
○ categorized into 3 categories	
O process is not categorized	
	Correct: +1
8 Based on which of the following parameter Artificial Intelligence is categorized?	
Based on functionally only	

0	Based on capabilities and functionally	
0	It is not categorized	
		Correct: +1
9 v	Which of the following is a component of Artificial Intelligence?	
0	Learning	
0	Training	
0	Designing	
0	Puzzling	
		Correct: +1
10	What is the function of an Artificial Intelligence "Agent" ?	
0	Mapping of goal sequence to an action	
0	Work without the direct interface of the people	
0	Mapping of precept sequence to an action.	
0	Mapping of environment sequence to an action.	
		Correct: +1
11	Which of the following is not a type of Artificial Intelligence agent?	

0	Goal-based AI agent	
0	Simple reflex AI agent	
0	Unity-based AI agent	
	C	orrect: +1
12	Which of the following is not the commonly used programming language for Artificial Intelligence?	
0	Perl	
0	Java	
0	PROLOG	
0	LISP	
		orrect: +1
13	What is the name of the Artificial Intelligence system developed by Daniel Bobrow ?	
0	program known as BACON	
0	system known as STUDENT	
0	program known as SHRDLU	
0	system known as SIMD	
		orrect: +1

0	program that can read algebra word problems only	
0	system which can solve algebra word problems but not read	
0	system which can read and solve algebra word problems	
0	none of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
15	Which of the following is not an application of artificial intelligene?	
0	Face recognition system	
0	Chatbots	
0	LIDAR	
0	DBMS	
		Correct: +1
16	Which of the following machine requires from the humans but can interpret the outputs themeselves	
0	Aculator	
0	Sensor	
0	Agents	
0	AI system	

17	number of informed search method are there in Artificial Intelligence.	
0	4	
0	3	
0	2	
0	1	
		Correct: +1
18	The total number of proposition symbols in AI are	
0	3 proposition symbols	
0	1 proposition symbols	
0	2 proposition symbols	
0	No proposition symbols	
		Correct: +1
19	The total number of logical symbols in AI are	
0	There are 3 logical symbols	
0	There are 5 logical symbols	
0	Number of logical symbols are based on the input	

0	Logical symbols are not used	
		Correct: +1
20	Which of the following are the approach to Artificitial Intelligence?	
0	Applied approach	
0	Strong approach	
0	Weak appeaach	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
21	Face Recognition system is based on which type of approach?	
0	Weak AI approach	
0	Applied AI approach	
0	Cognitive AI approach	
0	Strong AI approach	
		Correct: +1
22	Which of the following is an advantage of artificial intelligence ?	
0	Reduces the time taken to solve the problem	

0	Have the ability to think hence makes the work easier	
0	All of the above	
		Correct: +1
23	Which of the following can improve the performanace of AI agents?	
0	Perceiving	
0	Learning	
0	Onserving	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
24	Which of the following is/are the composition for AI agents?	
0	Program only	
0	Architectrure only	
0	Both Program and Architecture	
0	All of the above mentioned	
		Correct: +1
25	On which of the following approach a basic line following robot is based?	

0	Weak approach	
0	Strong approach	
0	Cognitive approach	
		Correct: +1
26	Artificial Intelligence has evolved extremely in all the fields except for	
0	Web mining	
0	Construction of plans in real time dynamic systems.	
0	Understanding natural language robustly	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
27	Which of the following is an example of artificial intelligent agent/agents?	
0	Autonomous Spacecraft	
0	Human	
0	Diagnosis	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1

0	Game Playing	
0	Planning and Scheduling	
0	Diagnosis	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
29	What is an AI 'agent'	
0	Takes input from the surrounding and uses its intelligence and performs the desired operations	
0	An embaedded program controlling line following robot	
0	Perceives its environment through sensors and acting upon that environment through actuators	
0	All of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
30	Which of the following environment is strategic?	
0	Rational	
0	Deterministic	
0	Partial	
0	Stochastic	

	What is the name of Artificial Intelligence which allows machines to handle vague inform mimics hi intuition?	uman
0	Human intelligence	
0	Boolean logic	
0	Functional logic	
0	Fuzzy logic	
		Correct: +1
32	Which of the following produces hypotheses that are easy to read for humans?	
0	Machine Learning	
0	ILP	
0	First-order logic	
0	Propositional logic	
		Correct: +1
33	What does the Bayesian network provide?	
0	Partial description of the domain	
0	Complete description of the problem	
0	Complete description fo the domain	

0	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
34	What is the total number of qyantification available in artificial intelligence?	
0	4	
0	3	
0	1	
0	2	
		Correct: +1
35	What is Weak AI?	
0	the study of mental faculties using mental models implemented on a computer	
0	the embodiment of human intellectual capabilities within a computer	
0	a set of computer programs that produce output that would be considered to reflect intelligence it to generated by humans	
0	all of the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
36	Which of the following are the 5 big ideas of AI?	
0	Perception	

0	Human-AI Interaction
0	Societal Impact
0	All of the above
	Correct: +
37	What is Machine learning?
0	The autonomous acquisition of knowledge through the use of computer programs
0	The autonomous acquisition of knowledge through the use of manual programs
0	The selective acquisition of knowledge through the use of computer programs
0	The selective acquisition of knowledge through the use of manual programs
	Correct: +
38	In model based learning methods, an iterative process takes place on the ML models that are built based on various model parameters, called ?
0	mini-batches
0	optimized parameters
0	hyperparameters
0	superparameters
	Correct: +

39	What is representation in deep learning?	
0	It is a way to look at data to represent or encode	
0	It gets closer to the expected output	
0	RGB and HSV are two different examples of representations	
0	All of the above	
		Correct: +1
40	What is learning in deep learning?	
0	Learning, in the context of machine learning, describes an automatic search process for better representations	
0	A process that is "leamed" from exposure to know example of inputs and outputs	
0	Learning in school attending 5th grade	
0	Answer A and B	
0	Answer B and C	
		Correct: +1
41	What is hypothesis space in deep learning?	
0	The deep learning is a reference to any kind of deeper understanding achieved by the approach	
0	It stands for the idea of successive layers of representations in deep learning	

0	Answer A and B
0	None of the above
	Correct: +1
42	What is deep in deep learning?
0	The deep in deep learning is a reference to any kind of deeper understanding achieved by the approach
0	It stands for the idea of suuccessive layers of representations in deep learning
0	Answers A and B
0	None of the above
	Correct: +1
43	What is shallow learning in deep learning?
0	Machine learning tend to focus on learning only one or two layers of representations of the data
0	Machine learning tend to focus on learning 10 layers of representations of the data
0	Machine learning tend to focus on learning 512 layers of representations of the data
0	Machine learning tend to focus on learning 64 layers of representations of the data
	Correct: +1
44	What are deep neural networks in deep learning?

0	In deep learning, played representations are (almost always) learned via models called deep neural n structured in literal layers stacked on top of each other	etworks,
0	These networks are the brain neurons studying in neurobilogy	
0	These are models of human brain	
0	Neural network is a cell in brain	
		Correct: +1
45	Machine learning is a subset of which of the following.	
\circ	Artificial intelligence	
0	Deep learning	
	Data la amino	
	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
46	Which of the following are common classed of problems in machine learning?	
\bigcirc	Regression	
0	Classification	
0	Clustering	
0	All of the above	

47	Analysis of ML algorithm needs	
0	Statistical learning theory	
0	Computational learning theory	
0	Both A and B	
0	None of the above	
	C	Correct: +1
48	A machine learning technique that helps in detecting the outllers in data.	
0	Clustering	
0	Classification	
0	Anamoly detection	
0	All of the above	
	C	Correct: +1
	algorithms enable the computers to learn from data, and even improve themeselves, without being explicity programmed.	ng
0	Deep Learning	
0	Machine Learning	

0	Artificial Intelligence	
0	All of the above	
0	Option 5	
		Correct: +1
50	What are the three types of Machine Learning?	
0	Supervised Learning	
0	Unsupervised Learning	
0	Reinforced Learning	
0	All of the above	
		Correct: +1
51	Which memory storage is widely in PCs and Embedded Systems?	
0	EEPROM	
0	Flash memory	
0	SRAM	
0	DRAM	
		Correct: +1

0	Memory	
0	Output	
0	Peripherals	
0	Input	
		Correct: +1
53	Which of the following helps in reducing the energy consumption of the embedded system?	
0	Emulator	
0	debugger	
0	simulator	
0	compilers	
		Correct: +1
54	What is the full form of IoT?	
0	Internet of Technology	
0	Incorporate of Things	
0	Internet of Things	
0	Incorporate of Technology	

55	What is IoT?	
0	network of physical objects embedded with sensors	
0	network of virtual objects	
0	network of objects in the ring structure	
0	network of sensors	
		Correct: +1
56	Which of the following is not an IoT device ?	
0	Table	
0	Laptop	
0	Arduino	
0	Tablet	
		Correct: +1
57	Which of the following is false about IoT devices?	
0	IoT devices use the internet for collecting and sharing data	
0	IoT devices need microcontrollers	
0	IoT devices use wireless technology	

0	IoT devices are completely safe	
		Correct: +1
58	Which of the following is false about IoT devices?	
0	Amezon Web Series	
0	Microsoft Azure	
0	Salesforce	
0	Flipcart	
		Correct: +1
59	Which of the following is not an application of IoT?	
0	BMP280	
0	Smart home	
0	Smart city	
0	Self-driven cars	
		Correct: +1
60	Which of the following is not a fundamental component of an IoT system?	
0	Sensors	

0	User Interface	
0	Transformer	
		Correct: +1
61	What is the full form of IIOT?	
0	Index Internet of Things	
0	Incorporate Internet of Things	
0	Industrial Internet of Things	
0	Intense Internet of Things	
		Correct: +1
62	Which layer is used for wireless connection in IoT devices?	
0	Application layer	
0	Network layer	
0	Data link layer	
0	Transport layer	
		Correct: +1
63	Which of the following command is used to trigger the Amezon echo IOT device?	

0	Suri	
0	Alexa	
0	Hey	
		Correct: +1
64	Which of the following is not a sensor in IoT?	
0	BMP280	
0	DHT11	
0	Photoresistor	
0	LED	
		Correct: +1
65	Which of the following is not an actuator in IoT?	
0	Stepper motor	
0	A fan	
0	An LED	
0	Ardunio	

0	They are open-source software	
0	They can only read analog inputs	
0	They have their own operating systems	
0	They don't have pre-programmed firmware	
		Correct: +1
67	IoT gateway must provide	
0	Protocol abstraction	
0	Data storage	
0	Security with hardware	
0	Simple generated data	
		Correct: +1
68	What IoT collects?	
0	Device data	
0	Machine generated data	
0	Sensor data	
0	Human generated data	

69	Which of the following protocol is used to link all the devices in the IoT?	
0	HTTP	
0	UDP	
0	Network	
0	TCP/IP	
		Correct: +1
70	How many numbers of the elements in the devices in the IoT?	
0	Four elements	
0	Five elements	
0	Six elements	
0	Seven elements	
		Correct: +1
71	Which of the following category is used for business to consumer process?	
0	Group IoT	
0	Community IoT	
0	Industrial IoT	

0	Personal IoT	
		Correct: +1
72	Which of the following is not an advantage of IoT?	
0	Improved Customer Engagement	
0	Reuced Waste	
0	Security	
0	Enhanced Data Collection	
		Correct: +1
73	What is the full form of IaaS?	
0	Internet as a Software	
0	Internet as a Service	
0	Infrastructure as a Software	
0	Infrastructure as a Service	
		Correct: +1
74	Which is future application of IoT?	
0	QoS in communication	

0	Secure communication	
0	Multimedia communication	
		Correct: +1
75	Router operate atlayer of OSI reference model ?	
0	Layer 2(Data Link)	
0	Layer 3 (Network)	
0	Layer 1 (Physical)	
0	Layer 4 (Transport)	
		Correct: +1
76	HTTP resources are located by	
0	unique resource locator	
0	unique resource identifire	
0	none of the mentioned	
0	uniform resource identifire	
		Correct: +1
77	An equation of internet of things	

0	controller sensor and actuator + internet	
0	physical object + internet	
0	physical object + controller + internet	
		Correct: +1
78	Digital forensics is all of them except:	
0	Extraction of computer data.	
0	Preservation of computer data	
0	Interpretation of computer data	
0	Manipulation of computer data.	
		Correct: +1
79	IDIP stands for	
0	Integrated Digital Investigation Process.	
0	Integrated Data Investigator Procees.	
0	Integrated Digital Investigator Process.	
0	Independent Digital Investigator Process.	
		Correct: +1

0	G.Gunsh.
0	S. Clardhuain
0	J.Kom.
0	G.Palmar
	Correct: +I
81	The investigator should satisfy the following points:
0	Contribute to society and human beings.
0	Avoid harm to others.
0	Honest and trustworthy.
0	All of the above
	Correct: +1
	In the past, the method for expressing an opinion has been to frame aquestion based on available factual evidence.
0	Hypothetical
0	Nested
0	Challenging
0	Contradictory

83	More subtle because you are not aware that you are running these macros (the document opens and tapplication automatically runs); spread via email.	he
0	The purpose of the copyright	
0	The danger of macro viruses	
0	Derivative works	
0	Computer specific crime	
		Correct: +1
84	There are three c's in computer forensics. Which is one of the three?	
0	Control	
0	Chance	
0	Chains	
0	Core	
		Correct: +1
85	When Fedral Bureau Investigation program was created?	
0	1979	
0	1984	

0	1995
0	1989
	Correct: +1
86	When the field of PC forensics began?
0	1960's
0	1970's
0	1980's
0	1990's
	Correct: +1
87	What is Digital Forensics?
0	Process of using scientific knowledge in analysis and presentation of evidence in court
0	The application of computer science and investigation procedures for a legal purpose involving the analysis of digital evidence after proper search authority, the chain of custody, validation with mathematics, use of validated tools, repeatability, reporting, and possible expert presentation
0	Process where we develop and test hypotheses that answer questions about digital events
0	Use of science or technology in the investigation and establishment of the facts or evidence in a court of law.
	Correct: +1
88	Digital Forensics entails

0	Accessing the system's directories viewing mode and navigating through the various systems files and folders
0	Undeleting and recovering lost files
0	Indentifying and solving computer crimes
0	The identification, preservation, recovery, restoration, and presentation fo digital evidence from systems and devices
	Correct: +1
89	Which of the following is FALSE?
0	The digital forensics investigator must maintain absolute objectivity
0	It is the investigator's job to determine someone's guilt or innocence.
0	It is the investigator's responsibility to accurately report the relevant facts of a case.
0	The investigator must maintain strict confidentiality, discussing the results of an investigation on only a "need to know"
	Correct: +1
90	What is the most significant legal issue in computer forensics?
0	Preserving Evidence
0	Seizing Evidence
0	Admissibility of Evidence

0	Discovery of Evidence	
		Correct: +1
91	phase includes putting the pieces of a digital puzzle together and developing investigative hypotheses.	
0	Preservation phase	
0	Survey phase	
0	Documentation phase	
0	Reconstruction phase	
0	Presentation phase	
		Correct: +1
92	phase investigator transfers the relevant data from a venue out of physical administrative controlled location.	ontrol of
0	Preservation phase	
0	survey phase	
0	Documentation phase	
0	Reconstruction phase	
0	Presentation phase	

Correct: +1

93	phase investigator transfers the relevant data from a venue out of physical or administrative of the investigator to a controlled location.	control
0	Preservation phase	
0	Survey phase	
0	Documentation phase	
0	Reconstruction phase	
0	Presentation phase	
		Correct: +1
94	Computer forensics do not involveactivity.	
0	Preservation fo computer data.	
0	Extraction of computer data.	
0	Manipulation of computer data.	
0	Interpretation of computer data.	
		Correct: +1
95	Which of the following is not a rule of digital forensics?	
0	An examination should be performed on the original data	
0	A copy is made onto forensically sterile media. New media should be used if available.	

0	The copy of the evidence must be an exact, bit-by-bit copy	
0	The examination must be conduced in such a way as to prevent any modification of the evidence.	
		Correct: +1
96	A set of instruction compelled into a program that perform a particular task is knwon as	
0	Hardware	
0	CPU	
0	Motherboard	
0	Software	
		Correct: +1
97	To collect and analyze the digital evidence that was obtained from the physical investigation phase, i goal of which phase ?	s the
0	Physical crime investigation	
0	Digital crime investigation	
0	Review phase	
0	Development phase	
		Correct: +1
98	To provide a mechanism to an incident to be detected and confirmed is purpose of which phase ?	

0	Physical crime investigation	
0	Digital crime investigation	
0	Review phase	
0	Deployment phase	
		Correct: +1
99	Which phase entails a review of the whole investigation and indentifies an area of improvement?	
0	Physical crime investigation	
0	Digital crime investigation	
0	Review phase	
0	Deployment phase	
		Correct: +1
100	is knwon as father of computer forensic.	
0	G.Palmar	
0	J.Korn	
0	Michael Anderson	
0	S.Clardhuain	

101	is well established science where various contribution have been made	
0	Forensic	
0	Crime	
0	Cyber crime	
0	Evidence	
		Correct: +1
102	Who proposed End to End Digital Investigation Process (EEDIP) ?	
0	G.Palmar	
0	Stephenson	
0	Michael Anderson	
0	S.Ciardhuain	
		Correct: +1
103	Which model of investigation proposed by carrier and safford?	
0	Extended Model of Cybercrime Investigation (EMCI)	
0	Integrated Digital Investigation Process (IDIP)	
0	Road Map for Digital Forensic Research (AMDFR)	

ct: +1
ct: +1
ct: +1

One Login	
○ Centrify	
	Correct: +1
107 Which of the following are general Ethical norms for Investigator?	
○ To contribute to society and human beings	
○ To avoid harm to others	
○ To be honest and trustworthy	
○ All of the above	
O None of the above	
	Correct: +1
108 Which of the following are Unethical norms for Investigator?	Correct: +1
	Correct: +1
108 Which of the following are Unethical norms for Investigator?	Correct: +1
108 Which of the following are Unethical norms for Investigator? O Uphold any relevant evidence	Correct: +1
108 Which of the following are Unethical norms for Investigator? O Uphold any relevant evidence Declare any confidential matter or knowledge	Correct: +1

109 Which of the following is not a general ethical norm for Investigator?	
○ To contribute to society and human beings	
O Uphold any relevant Evidence	
○ To be honest and trustworthy	
○ To honor confidentially	
	Correct: +1
110 Which of the following is a not unethical norm for Digital Forensics Investigation?	
 Uphold any relevant evidence 	
O Declare any confidential matters or knowledge	
O Distort or falsify education, training, credentials	
○ To respect the privacy of others.	
	Correct: +1
111 What is called as the process of creation a duplicate of digital media for purpose of examining it?	
 Acquisition 	
○ Steganography	
○ Live analysis	

O На	ashing	
	Cor	rect: +1
112 W	Thich term refers to modifying a computer in a way which was not originally intended to view inform	ation
O Me	etadata	
O Liv	ve analysis	
На	icking	
0		
O Bit	t copy	
	Cor	rect: +1
	he ability to recover and read deleted or damaged files from a criminal's computer is an example of a aforcement specially called ?	law
○ Ro	botics	
O Sir	mulation	
○ Co	omputer Forensics	
O An	nimation	
	Cor	rect: +1
114 W	That are the important parts of the mobile device which used in Digital forensic?	
O SII	M	

○ RAM	
○ ROM	
○ MMC chip	
	Correct: +1
115 Using what, data hiding in encrypted images be carried out in digital forensics?	
 Acquisition 	
○ Steganography	
○ Live analysis	
○ Hashing	
	Correct: +1
116 Which of this is not a computer crime?	
○ E-mail harassment	
○ Falsification of data	
○ Sabotage	
○ Indentification of data	
	Correct: +1

0	.exe
0	.txt
0	iso
0	.sam
	Correct: +1
118	is the process of recording as much data as possible to create reports and analysis on user input.
0	Data mining
0	Data carving
0	Metadata
0	Data Spoofing
	Correct: +1
119	searches through raw data on a hard drive without using a file system.
0	Data mining
0	Data carving
0	Metadata
0	Data spoofing

120	What is the first step to Handle Retrieving Data from an Encrypted Hard Drive?	
0	Fromatting disk	
0	Storing data	
0	Finding configuration files	
0	Deleting files	
		Correct: +
121	The criminological principle which states that, when anyone or anything, enters a crike scene he/sh something of the scene with him/her, and leaves something of himself/herself behind is:	e takes
0	Locard's Exchange Principle	
0	Differential Association Theory	
0	Beccaria' Social Contact	
0	None of the above	
		Correct: +
122	2. The author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of a series of threatening e-mails consistently uses "im" instead of "I" m. This is an example of the author of the	mple of:
0	An individual characteristic	
0	An incidental characteristic	
0	A class characteristic	

O A	An indeterminate characteristic	
	Co	orrect: +1
	Personal computers and networks are often a valuable source of evidence. Those involved with should comfortable with this technology.	d be
O F	Prosecution	
O I	Defence work	
\circ (Criminal Investigation	
O A	All of the above	
	Co	orrect: +1
124	An argument for including computer forensic training computer security specialist is:	
○ I	It teaches them when it is time to call in law enforcement	
O I	It provides an additional credential	
0 I	It provides them with the tools to conduct their own investigations	
O 1	None of the above	
	Co	orrect: +1
125	The digital evidence is used to establish a credible link between.	
O A	Attacker and victim and the crime scene	

0	Attacker and crime scene	
0	Victim and the crime scene	
0	Attacker and information	
		Correct: +1
126	Digital evidences must follow the requirement of the	
0	Ideal Evidence rule	
0	Best Evidence rule	
0	Exchange rule	
0	All the mentioned	
		Correct: +1
127	The evidence or proof can be obtained from the electronic source is called the	
0	Digital evidence	
0	Demonstrative evidence	
0	Explainable evidence	
0	Substantial evidence	
		Correct: +1

○ Routing table	
○ Main memory	
○ Log files	
○ Cached data	
	Correct: +1
129 The evidence must be usable in the count which is called as	
○ Admissible	
O Authentic	
○ Complete	
O Reliable	
	Correct: +1
130 Email, hard drives are examples of	
○ Illustrative evidence	
○ Electronic evidence	
O Documented evidence	
○ Explainable evidence	

131 Blood, fingerprints, DNA these are example of	
○ Illustrative evidence	
○ Electronic evidence	
O Documented evidence	
○ Substantial evidence	
Corre	ect: +1
132 When an incident takes place, a criminal will leave hint evidence at the scene and remove a hint from th scene which is called as	e
○ Locard's Exchange Principle	
○ Anderson's Exchange Principle	
O Charlie's Anthony Principle	
○ Kevin Ashton principle	
Corre	ect: +1
133 Which is not procedure to establish a chain of custody?	
○ Save the original materials	
○ Take photos of physical evidence	
O Don't take screenshots of digital evidence content	

O Docum	ent data, time, and any other information of receipt	
	C	orrect: +1
134 Which	is not related with digital evidence?	
○ Work v	vith the original evidence to develop procedures	
O Use cle	ean collecting media	
O Docum	ent any extra scope	
Consid	er safety of personnel at the scene	
	C	forrect: +1
135 Which	is example of non-volatile memory	
○ Flash n	nemory	
O Registe	ers and cache	
O Process	s table	
○ Are cae	che	
	C	forrect: +1
136is]	known as testimonial	
Oath at	fidavit	

0	Fingerprint	
0	Dried blood	
		Correct: +1
137	The process of ensuring that providing or obtaining the data that you have collected is similar to the provides or presented in a count is known as	e data
0	Evidence validation	
0	Relative evidence	
0	Best Evidence	
0	Illustrative evidence	
		Correct: +1
138	When cases go to trial your forensics examiner play one of role	
0	2	
0	4	
0	3	
0	5	
		Correct: +1
139	Type of digital evidence	

○ Eye witness	
O Picture and video	
○ Paper work	
○ None of the above	
	Correct: +1
140 Rule of evidence is also known as	
○ Law of witness	
○ Law of litigation	
○ Law of evidence	
○ All of the above	
	Correct: +1
141 All forensic examinations should be performed on the original digital evidence.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
142 Digital evidence can be duplicated exactly without any changes to the original data.	

○ False	
	Correct: +1
143 Computers were involved in the investigations into both World Trade Center attacks.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
144 Digital evidence is always circumstantial.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
145 Digital evidence alone can be used to build a solid case.	
○ True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
146 Computers can be used by terrorist to detonate bombs.	
O True	
○ False	

147	The aim of a forensic examination is to prove with certainty what occurred.
0	True
0	False
	Correct: +1
148	Even digital investigations that do not result in legal action can benefit from principle of forensic science.
0	True
0	False
	Correct: +1
149	Forensic science is the application of science to investigation and Prosecution of crime or to the just resolution of conflict.
0	True
0	False
	Correct: +1
150	What is digital Forensic?
0	Process of using scientific knowledge in Analysis and presentation of evidence in court
0	The application of computer science and investigative procedure for a legal Purpose involving the analysis of digital evidence after proper search authority, chain of custody, validation with mathematics, use of validated tools, repeatability, reporting, and possible expert presentation
0	Process where we develop and test hypotheses that answer questions about digital event

0	Use of science or technology in the Investigation and establishment of the factor evidence in a court	of law
		Correct: +1
151	Using what, data hiding in encrypted images be carried out in digital forensic?	
0	Acquisition	
0	Steganography	
0	Live Analysis	
0	Hashing	
		Correct: +1
152	A valid definition of digital evidence is:	
0	Data store or transmitted using a computer	
0	Information of probative value	
0	Digital data of probative value	
0	Any digital evidence on a computer	
		Correct: +1
153	What are the three general categories of computer systems that can contain digital evidence?	
0	Desktop, laptop, server	

0	Hardware , Software, Network	
0	Open computer systems, communication systems and embedded systems	
		Correct: +1
154	In terms of digital evidence, a hard drive is an example of:	
0	Open computer systems	
0	Communication systems	
0	Embedded computer systems	
0	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
155	In terms of digital evidence, a mobile telephone is an example of:	
0	Open computer systems	
0	Communication systems	
0	Embedded computer systems	
0	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
156	In terms of digital evidence, a Smart card is an example of:	

0	Communication systems	
0	Embedded computer systems	
0	None of the above	Correct: +1
157	In terms of digital evidence, the internet is an example of:	
0	Open computer systems	
0	Communication systems	
0	Embedded computer systems	
0	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
158	Computers can be involved in which of the following types of crime?	
0	Homicide and sexual assault	
0	Computer Introductions and intellectual property theft	
0	Civil disputes	
0	All the above	
		Correct: +1

0	An unknown person logged into the system using the account	
0	The owner of a specific account logged into the system	
0	The account was used to log into the system	
0	None of the above	
		Correct: +1
160	Cyber trails are Advantageous because:	
0	They are not connected to the physical world.	
0	Nobody can be harmed by crime on the internet.	
0	They are easy to follow.	
0	Offenders who are unaware of them leave behind more clues than they otherwise would have.	
		Correct: +1
161	Private networks can be a richer source of evidence then the internet because:	
0	They Retain data for longer periods of time	
0	Owner of private networks are more cooperative with law enforcement	
0	Private networks contain a higher concentration of digital evidence.	
0	None of the above	

162	and close each investigation as quickly as possible. Which of the following is NOT a significant drawl to this approach?	_
()	Each unreported incident robs attorneys and law enforcement personnel of an opportunity to learn about basics of computer -related crime.	it the
()	Responsibility for incident resolution frequently does not reside with the security professional but with management	
	This approach results in under-reporting of criminal activity deflating statistics that are used to Allocate corporate and government spending on combating computer-related crime	Э
	Computer security professionals develop loose evidence processing habits that can make it more difficulties and enforcement personnel and attorneys to prosecute an offender	ult for
	Со	rrect: +1
163	Types of digital evidence	
0	Eye witness	
0	Picture and video	
0	Paper work	
0	None of the above	
	Co.	rrect: +1
164	Rule of evidence is also known as	
0	Law of witness	

○ Law of litigation	
○ Law of evidence	
○ All of the above	
	Correct: +1
165 Digital evidence is only useful in a court of law.	
○ True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
166 Attorneys and police are encountering progressively more digital evidance in their work.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
167 Video surveillance can be a form of digital evidence.	
○ True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
168 All forensic examinations should be performed on the original digital evidence.	

O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
169 Digital evidence can be duplicated exactly without any changes to the original data	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
170 Computers were involved in the investigations into both World Trade Center attacks.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
171 Digital evidence is always circumstantial.	
O True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
172 Digital evidence alone can be used to build a solid case.	
O True	

○ False	
	Correct: +1
173 Computers can be used by terrorists to detonate bombs.	
○ True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
174 The aim of a forensic examination is to prove with certainty what occurred.	
○ True	
○ False	
C	Correct: +1
175 Even digital investigations that do not result in legal action can benefit from principles of forensic sc	ience.
○ True	
○ False	
	Correct: +1
176 Forensic science is the application of science to Investigation and Prosecution of crime or to the just resolution of conflict.	
○ True	
○ False	

177 Pho	otographs, videos, sound recordings, X-rays, maps drawing, graphs, charts is a type of	
O Illus	strative evidence	
○ Elec	etronic evidence	
O Doc	cumented evidence	
O Exp	lainable evidence	
		Correct: +1
178 Fro	om the two given statements 1 and 2, select the correct Option from a-d.	
	 Original media can be used to carry out digital investigation process. By default, every part of the victim's computer is considered as unreliable. 	
O a and	nd b both are true	
O a is 1	true and b is false	
O a and	nd b both are false	
O a is	false and b is true	
		Correct: +1

TEST

ETI MSBTE TEST - V2V

ANSWERS	
SECTIONS 1. MCQ's - 178 Questions	
Section 1 : MCQ's - 178 Questions	
1 Artificial Intelligence	
2 Artificial Intelligence is a field that alms to develop intelligent machines	
3 John McCarthy	
4 Machine Learning	
5 To solve artificial problems	
6 Language understanding and problem-solving (Text analytics and NLP)	
7 categorized into 3 categories	
8 Based on capabilities and functionally	
9 Learning	
10 Mapping of precept sequence to an action.	
11 Unity-based Al agent	

12	Perl
13	system known as STUDENT
14	system which can read and solve algebra word problems
15	DBMS
16	Al system
17	4
18	2 proposition symbols
	There are 5 logical symbols
	All of the mentioned
	Applied AI approach All of the above
	Learning
24	Both Program and Architecture
25	Cognitive approach
26	All of the mentioned

27	All of the mentioned
28	Planning and Scheduling
29	All of the mentioned
30	Deterministic
31	Fuzzy logic
32	ILP
33	Complete description fo the domain
34	2
35	the study of mental faculties using mental models implemented on a computer
36	All of the above
37	The autonomous acquisition of knowledge through the use of computer programs
38	hyperparameters
39	All of the above
40	Answer A and B
41	Answer A and B

42	The deep in deep learning is a reference to any kind of deeper understanding achieved by the approach
43	Machine learning tend to focus on learning only one or two layers of representations of the data
44	In deep learning, played representations are (almost always) learned via models called deep neural networks, structured in literal layers stacked on top of each other
45	Artificial intelligence
46	All of the above
47	Both A and B
48	Anamoly detection
49	Machine Learning
50	All of the above
51	DRAM
52	Peripherals
53	compilers
54	Internet of Things
55	network of physical objects embedded with sensors
56	Table

57	IoT devices are completely safe
58	Flipcart
59	BMP280
60	Transformer
61	Industrial Internet of Things
62	Data link layer
63	Alexa
64	LED
65	Stepper motor
66	They are open-source software
67	Protocol abstraction
68	Machine generated data
69	TCP/IP
70	Seven elements
71	Industrial IoT

72	Security
73	Internet as a Service
74	Role of green IoT system
75	Layer 3 (Network)
76	uniform resource identifire
77	physical object + controller sensor and actuator + internet
78	Manipulation of computer data.
79	Integrated Digital Investigation Process.
80	G.Palmar
81	All of the above
82	Hypothetical
83	The danger of macro viruses
84	Control
85	1984
86	1980's

87	evidence after proper search authority, the chain of custody, validation with mathematics, use of validated tools, repeatability, reporting, and possible expert presentation
88	The identification, preservation, recovery, restoration, and presentation fo digital evidence from systems and devices
89	It is the investigator's job to determine someone's guilt or innocence.
90	Admissibility of Evidence
91	Reconstruction phase
92	survey phase
93	Survey phase
94	Manipulation of computer data.
95	The examination must be conduced in such a way as to prevent any modification of the evidence.
96	Hardware
97	Digital crime investigation
98	Deployment phase
99	Review phase
100) Michael Anderson
101	l Forensic

102	Stephenson
103	Integrated Digital Investigation Process (IDIP)
104	Conform and human readable.
105	Evidence
106	Firewall
107	All of the above
108	All of the above
109	Uphold any relevant Evidence
110	To respect the privacy of others.
111	Acqisition
112	Hacking
113	Computer Forensics
114	RAM
115	Steganography
116	Indentification of data

118	Data carving
119	Data carving
120	Finding configuration files
121	Locard's Exchange Principle
122	An individual characteristic
123	All of the above
124	It teaches them when it is time to call in law enforcement
125	Attacker and victim and the crime scene
126	Best Evidence rule
127	Digital evidence
128	Log files
129	Admissible
130	Electronic evidence
131	Electronic evidence

117 .exe

132	Locard's Exchange Principle
133	Don't take screenshots of digital evidence content
134	Work with the original evidence to develop procedures
135	Flash memory
136	Oath affidavit
137	Evidence validation
138	2
139	Picture and video
140	Law of evidence
141	False
142	False
143	True
144	False
145	False
146	True

147	False
148	True
149	True
150	The application of computer science and investigative procedure for a legal Purpose involving the analysis of digital evidence after proper search authority, chain of custody, validation with mathematics, use of validated tools, repeatability, reporting, and possible expert presentation
151	Steganography
152	Digital data of probative value
153	Open computer systems, communication systems and embedded systems
154	Open computer systems
155	Embedded computer systems
156	Embedded computer systems
157	Communication systems
158	All the above
159	The account was used to log into the system
160	Nobody can be harmed by crime on the internet.
161	Private networks contain a higher concentration of digital evidence.

162	Computer security professionals develop loose evidence processing habits that can make it more difficult for law enforcement personnel and attorneys to prosecute an offender
163	Picture and video
164	Law of evidence
165	False
166	True
167	True
168	False
169	False
170	True
171	False
172	False
173	True
174	False
175	True
176	True

- 177 Illustrative evidence
- 178 a is true and b is false